

Offering Circular Supplement
(To Base Offering Circular dated July 1, 2003)



\$429,114,804

**Government National Mortgage Association
GINNIE MAE®**

**Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC
Pass-Through Securities
Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2003-059**

The securities may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider carefully the risks of investing in them.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-11 which highlights some of these risks.

The Securities

The Trust will issue the Classes of Securities listed on the inside front cover.

The Ginnie Mae Guaranty

Ginnie Mae will guarantee the timely payment of principal and interest on the securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Ginnie Mae does not guarantee the payment of any prepayment penalties.

The Trust and its Assets

The Trust will own the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates described on Exhibit A.

The Sponsor will offer the securities from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the closing date to be July 30, 2003.

You should read the Base Offering Circular for Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities as well as this Supplement.

The securities are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

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GMAC
COMMERCIAL HOLDING
Capital Markets

MYERBERG & COMPANY, L.P.

The date of this Offering Circular Supplement is July 22, 2003.

Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2003-059

The Trust will issue the classes of securities listed in the table below.

Class	Original Principal Balance(1)	Interest Rate	Principal Type(2)	Interest Type(2)	Final Distribution Date(3)	CUSIP Number
A	\$ 49,177,000	2.274%	SEQ	FIX	July 2018	38374BJQ7
B	20,000,000	7.500	SEQ	FIX	July 2018	38374BJR5
C	100,000,000	3.260	SEQ	FIX	October 2027	38374BJS3
D	92,350,000	3.654	SEQ	FIX	October 2027	38374BJT1
E	150,419,804	4.430	SEQ	FIX	June 2034	38374BJU8
XA	411,946,804	(4)	NTL(SEQ)	WAC/IO/DLY	June 2034	38374BJV6
XB	370,117,804	(4)	NTL(SEQ)	WAC/IO/DLY	July 2010	38374BJW4
Z	17,168,000	(4)	SEQ	WAC/Z/DLY	June 2043	38374BJX2
RR	0	0.000	NPR	NPR	June 2043	38374BJY0

- (1) Subject to increase as described under “Increase in Size” in this Supplement. The amount shown for each Notional Class (indicated by “NTL” under Principal Type) is its original Class Notional Balance and does not represent principal that will be paid.
- (2) As defined under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. The Class Notional Balances of Classes XA and XB will be reduced as described in this Supplement. See “Terms Sheet—Notional Classes” in this Supplement.
- (3) See “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date” in this Supplement.
- (4) Classes XA, XB and Z will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a variable rate per annum as described in this Supplement. See “Terms Sheet — Interest Rates” in this Supplement.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the securities only if you have read and understood the following documents:

- this Offering Circular Supplement (this “Supplement”) and
- the Base Offering Circular for the Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities dated as of July 1, 2003 (hereinafter referred to as the “Multifamily Base Offering Circular”).

The Multifamily Base Offering Circular is available on Ginnie Mae’s website located at <http://www.ginniemae.gov>.

If you do not have access to the internet, call JPMorgan Chase Bank, which will act as information agent for the Trust, at (800) 234-GNMA, to order copies of the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

In addition, you can obtain copies of the disclosure documents related to the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates by contacting JPMorgan Chase Bank at the telephone number listed above.

Please consult the standard abbreviations of Class Types included in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular as Appendix I and the Glossary included in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular as Appendix II for definitions of capitalized terms.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>		<u>Page</u>
Terms Sheet	S-4	Certain Federal Income Tax	
Risk Factors	S-11	Consequences	S-32
The Ginnie Mae Multifamily		ERISA Matters	S-34
Certificates	S-13	Legal Investment Considerations	S-34
Ginnie Mae Guaranty	S-16	Plan of Distribution	S-34
Description of the Securities	S-17	Increase in Size	S-35
Yield, Maturity and Prepayment		Legal Matters	S-35
Considerations	S-23	Schedule I: Interest Rate Schedule ...	S-I-1
		Exhibit A	A-1

TERMS SHEET

This terms sheet contains selected information for quick reference only. You should read this Supplement, particularly “Risk Factors,” and the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Sponsor: Credit Suisse First Boston LLC

Co-Manager: GMAC Commercial Holding Capital Markets

Trustee: Bank One Trust Company, N.A.

Tax Administrator: The Trustee

Closing Date: July 30, 2003

Distribution Date: The 16th day of each month or, if the 16th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day thereafter, commencing in August 2003.

Composition of the Trust Assets: The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates will consist of 70 fixed rate Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates, which have an aggregate balance of approximately \$429,244,805 as of the Cut-Off Date.

Certain Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets (as of July 1, 2003 (the “Cut-off Date”))⁽¹⁾:

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the related Mortgage Loans will have the following characteristics, aggregated on the basis of the applicable FHA insurance program:

FHA Insurance Program	Principal Balance	Number of Pools	Percent of Total Balance	Weighted Average Mortgage Interest Rate	Weighted Average Certificate Rate	Weighted Average Original Term to Maturity (in months)	Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Weighted Average Period from Issuance ⁽²⁾ (in months)	Weighted Average Remaining Lockout Period (in months)	Weighted Average Total Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Period (in months)
221(d) (4)	\$139,041,207	10	32.4%	6.836%	6.575%	459	450	10	62	97
223(a) (7)	75,347,365	32	17.6	5.646	5.357	356	353	3	59	116
232	72,260,965	6	16.8	7.589	7.339	418	408	10	70	186
223(f)	37,415,016	6	8.7	5.400	5.100	421	419	2	59	119
232/223(a) (7)	36,442,079	5	8.5	5.619	5.369	407	406	1	58	118
220	34,890,766	1	8.1	7.950	7.700	474	464	10	99	99
232/223(f)	30,310,806	8	7.1	5.987	5.689	412	407	5	58	115
241/232	2,268,509	1	0.5	7.250	7.000	419	416	3	52	52
220/223(a) (7)	1,268,092	1	0.3	7.750	7.150	360	337	23	37	97
Total/Weighted Average	\$429,244,805	70	100.0%	6.561%	6.292%	424	417	7	65	120

⁽¹⁾ Includes Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates added to pay the Trustee Fee. Some of the columns may not foot due to rounding.

⁽²⁾ Based on the issue date of the related Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate.

The information contained in this chart has been collected and summarized by the Sponsor and the Co-Manager based on publicly available information, including the disclosure documents for the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates. See “The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — The Mortgage Loans” and Exhibit A to this Supplement.

Lockout Periods and Prepayment Penalties: The Mortgage Loans prohibit voluntary prepayments during specified lockout periods with remaining terms that range from 10 to 106 months, with a weighted average remaining lockout period of approximately 65 months. Some of the Mortgage Loans provide for payment of Prepayment Penalties during specified periods beginning on their lockout period end dates. See “The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans” and “Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans” in Exhibit A to this

Supplement. Prepayment Penalties received by the Trust will be allocated to Class XA, until retired, and then to Class Z, until retired.

Issuance of Securities: The Securities, other than the Residual Securities, will initially be issued in book-entry form through the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks (the “Fedwire Book-Entry System”). The Residual Securities will be issued in fully registered, certificated form. See “*Description of the Securities — Form of Securities*” in this Supplement.

Increased Minimum Denomination Classes: Classes XA and XB. See “*Description of the Securities — Form of Securities*” in this Supplement.

Interest Rates: The Interest Rates for the Fixed Rate Classes are shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement.

The Weighted Average Coupon Classes will bear interest at per annum Interest Rates based on the Weighted Average Certificate Rate of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates (hereinafter referred to as “WACR”) as follows:

Class Z will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to WACR.

Class XA will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a rate per annum determined as follows:

- (a) from and including the July 2003 Accrual Period through and including the June 2004 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to WACR less the weighted average of the following rates: (i) for the First Class A Notional Contribution, the First Class B Notional Contribution, the First Class C Notional Contribution and Classes D and E, the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period and (ii) for (x) the Class A Principal Balance less the First Class A Notional Contribution, (y) the Class B Principal Balance less the First Class B Notional Contribution and (z) the Class C Principal Balance less the First Class C Notional Contribution, the applicable interest rate for each such Class for that Accrual Period, with each such interest rate weighted based on the Class Principal Balance (or portion thereof) or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date);
- (b) from and including the July 2004 Accrual Period through and including the June 2005 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to WACR less the weighted average of the following rates: (i) for the Second Class A Notional Contribution, the Second Class B Notional Contribution, the Second Class C Notional Contribution and Classes D and E, the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period and (ii) for (x) the Class A Principal Balance less the Second Class A Notional Contribution, (y) the Class B Principal Balance less the Second Class B Notional Contribution and (z) the Class C Principal Balance less the Second Class C Notional Contribution, the applicable interest rate for each such Class for that Accrual Period, with each such interest rate weighted based on the Class Principal Balance (or portion thereof) or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date);
- (c) from and including the July 2005 Accrual Period through and including the June 2006 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to WACR less the weighted average of the following rates: (i) for the Third Class C Notional Contribution, the First Class D Notional Contribution and Class E, the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate

- from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period and (ii) for (w) Class A, (x) Class B, (y) the Class C Principal Balance less the Third Class C Notional Contribution and (z) the Class D Principal Balance less the First Class D Notional Contribution, the applicable interest rate for each such Class for that Accrual Period, with each such interest rate weighted based on the Class Principal Balance (or portion thereof) or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date);
- (d) from and including the July 2006 Accrual Period through and including the June 2007 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to WACR less the weighted average of the following rates: (i) for the Fourth Class C Notional Contribution, the Second Class D Notional Contribution and Class E, the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period and (ii) for (w) Class A, (x) Class B, (y) the Class C Principal Balance less the Fourth Class C Notional Contribution and (z) the Class D Principal Balance less the Second Class D Notional Contribution, the applicable interest rate for each such Class for that Accrual Period, with each such interest rate weighted based on the Class Principal Balance (or portion thereof) or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date);
- (e) from and including the July 2007 Accrual Period through and including the June 2008 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to WACR less the weighted average of the following rates: (i) for the First Class E Notional Contribution, the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period and (ii) for (v) Class A, (w) Class B, (x) Class C, (y) Class D and (z) the Class E Principal Balance less the First Class E Notional Contribution, the applicable interest rate for each such Class for that Accrual Period, with each such interest rate weighted based on the Class Principal Balance (or portion thereof) or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date);
- (f) from and including the July 2008 Accrual period through and including the June 2009 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to WACR less the weighted average of the following rates: (i) for the Second Class E Notional Contribution, the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period and (ii) for (v) Class A, (w) Class B, (x) Class C, (y) Class D and (z) the Class E Principal Balance less the Second Class E Notional Contribution, the applicable interest rate for each such Class for that Accrual Period, with each such interest rate weighted based on the Class Principal Balance (or portion thereof) or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date);
- (g) from and including the July 2009 through and including the June 2010 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to WACR less the weighted average of the following rates: (i) for the Third Class E Notional Contribution, the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period and (ii) for (v) Class A, (w) Class B, (x) Class C, (y) Class D and (z) the Class E Principal Balance less the Third Class E Notional Contribution, the applicable interest rate for each such Class for that Accrual Period, with each such interest rate weighted based on the Class Principal Balance (or portion thereof) or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date); and

- (h) after the June 2010 Accrual Period, as applicable, the rate per annum equal to WACR less the weighted average of the applicable interest rate for the Accrual Period on Classes A, B, C, D, and E weighted based on the Class Principal Balance of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date).

Class XB will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a rate per annum determined as follows:

- (a) from and including the July 2003 Accrual Period through and including the June 2004 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to: (i) the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period, less (ii) the weighted average interest rate of the First Class A Notional Contribution, the First Class B Notional Contribution, the First Class C Notional Contribution and Classes D and E weighted based on the Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date);
- (b) from and including the July 2004 Accrual Period through and including the June 2005 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to: (i) the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period, less (ii) the weighted average interest rate of the Second Class A Notional Contribution, the Second Class B Notional Contribution, the Second Class C Notional Contribution and Classes D and E weighted based on the Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date);
- (c) from and including the July 2005 Accrual Period through and including the June 2006 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to: (i) the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period, less (ii) the weighted average interest rate of the Third Class C Notional Contribution, the First Class D Notional Contribution and Class E weighted based on the Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payment on such Distribution Date);
- (d) from and including the July 2006 Accrual Period through and including the June 2007 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to: (i) the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period, less (ii) the weighted average interest rate of the Fourth Class C Notional Contribution, the Second Class D Notional Contribution and Class E weighted based on the Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payment on such Distribution Date);
- (e) from and including the July 2007 Accrual Period through and including the June 2010 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to: (i) the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period, less (ii) the Class E Interest Rate;
- (f) after the June 2010 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to zero.

“First Class A Notional Contribution” shall mean the lesser of the notional amount of \$31,917,000 and the Class A Principal Balance for the related Distribution Date.

“Second Class A Notional Contribution” shall mean the lesser of the notional amount of \$15,653,000 and the Class A Principal Balance for the related Distribution Date.

“First Class B Notional Contribution” shall mean the lesser of the notional amount of \$12,980,000 and the Class B Principal Balance for the related Distribution Date.

“Second Class B Notional Contribution” shall mean the lesser of the notional amount of \$6,366,000 and the Class B Principal Balance for the related Distribution Date.

“First Class C Notional Contribution” shall mean the lesser of the notional amount of \$82,451,000 and the Class C Principal Balance for the related Distribution Date.

“Second Class C Notional Contribution” shall mean the lesser of the notional amount of \$65,915,000 and the Class C Principal Balance for the related Distribution Date.

“Third Class C Notional Contribution” shall mean the lesser of the notional amount of \$48,644,000 and the Class C Principal Balance for the related Distribution Date.

“Fourth Class C Notional Contribution” shall mean the lesser of the notional amount of \$32,547,000 and the Class C Principal Balance for the related Distribution Date.

“First Class D Notional Contribution” shall mean the lesser of the notional amount of \$89,846,000 and the Class D Principal Balance for the related Distribution Date.

“Second Class D Notional Contribution” shall mean the lesser of the notional amount of \$60,116,000 and the Class D Principal Balance for the related Distribution Date.

“First Class E Notional Contribution” shall mean the lesser of the notional amount of \$124,824,000 and the Class E Principal Balance for the related Distribution Date.

“Second Class E Notional Contribution” shall mean the lesser of the notional amount of \$46,923,000 and the Class E Principal Balance for the related Distribution Date.

“Third Class E Notional Contribution” shall mean the lesser of the notional amount of \$26,098,000 and the Class E Principal Balance for the related Distribution Date.

Classes XA, XB and Z will bear interest during the initial Accrual Period at the following approximate Interest Rates:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Approximate Initial Interest Rate</u>
XA	0.3039%
XB	2.3642%
Z	6.2917%

Allocation of Principal: On each Distribution Date, a percentage of the Principal Distribution Amount will be applied to the Trustee Fee, and the remainder of the Principal Distribution Amount (the “Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount”) and the Accrual Amount will be allocated as follows:

- The Accrual Amount will be allocated in the following order of priority:
 1. Concurrently, (a) 41.2638344647% to A, (b) 16.7817615815% to B and (c) 41.9544039538% to C, until A and B are retired
 2. Concurrently, (a) 35.1246926589% to C and (b) 64.8753073411% to D, until C and D are retired
 3. To E, until retired

4. To Z

- The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount will be allocated in the following order of priority:
 1. Concurrently, (a) 41.2638344647% to A, (b) 16.7817615815% to B and (c) 41.9544039538% to C, until A and B are retired
 2. Concurrently, (a) 35.1246926589% to C and (b) 64.8753073411% to D, until C and D are retired
 3. Sequentially, to E and Z, in that order, until retired

Allocation of Prepayment Penalties: On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will pay any Prepayment Penalties that are collected and passed through to the Trust to Class XA, until retired, and then to Class Z, until retired.

Accrual Class: Interest will accrue on the Accrual Class identified on the inside front cover of this Supplement at the per annum rate set forth under “Terms Sheet — Interest Rates.” However, no interest will be distributed to the Accrual Class until the Distribution Date immediately following the Distribution Date on which the Class Principal Balance of Class E is reduced to zero. Interest so accrued and unpaid on the Accrual Class on each Distribution Date will constitute the Accrual Amount, which will be added to the Class Principal Balance of the Accrual Class on each Distribution Date and will be distributable as principal as set forth in this Terms Sheet under “Allocation of Principal.” After interest distributions commence on the Accrual Class, interest distributions will continue until the Class Principal Balance of that Class is reduced to zero.

Notional Classes: The Notional Classes will not receive distributions of principal but have Class Notional Balances for convenience in describing their entitlements to interest. The Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class represents the percentage indicated below of, and reduces to that extent with, the Class Principal Balances indicated:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Original Class Notional Balance</u>	<u>Represents</u>
XA	\$411,946,804	100% of A, B, C, D and E (in the aggregate) (SEQ Classes)
XB	370,117,804	For each Distribution Date from August 2003 through and including the Distribution Date in July 2004, the aggregate of (a) the First Class A Notional Contribution, (b) the First Class B Notional Contribution, (c) the First Class C Notional Contribution and (d) 100% of D and E (in the aggregate) (SEQ Classes); For each Distribution Date from August 2004 through and including the Distribution Date in July 2005, the aggregate of (a) the Second Class A Notional Contribution, (b) the Second Class B Notional Contribution, (c) the Second Class C Notional Contribution and (d) 100% of D and E (in the aggregate) (SEQ Classes);

<u>Class</u>	<u>Original Class Notional Balance</u>	<u>Represents</u>
		<p>For each Distribution Date from August 2005 through and including the Distribution Date in July 2006, the aggregate of (a) the Third Class C Notional Contribution, (b) the First Class D Notional Contribution and (c) 100% of E (in the aggregate) (SEQ Class);</p> <p>For each Distribution Date from August 2006 through and including the Distribution Date in July 2007, the aggregate of (a) the Fourth Class C Notional Contribution, (b) the Second Class D Notional Contribution and (c) 100% of E (in the aggregate) (SEQ Class);</p> <p>For each Distribution Date from August 2007 through and including the Distribution Date in July 2008, the First Class E Notional Contribution;</p> <p>For each Distribution Date from August 2008 through and including the Distribution Date in July 2009, the Second Class E Notional Contribution;</p> <p>For each Distribution Date from August 2009 through and including the Distribution Date in July 2010, the Third Class E Notional Contribution; and</p> <p>thereafter, zero.</p>

Tax Status: Double REMIC Series. See “*Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in this Supplement and in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Regular and Residual Classes: Class RR is a Residual Class and includes the Residual Interest of the Issuing REMIC and the Pooling REMIC; all other Classes of REMIC Securities are Regular Classes.

RISK FACTORS

You should purchase securities only if you understand and are able to bear the associated risks. The risks applicable to your investment depend on the principal and interest type of your securities. This section highlights certain of these risks.

The rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will affect the rate of principal payments on your securities. The rate at which you will receive principal payments will depend largely on the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the mortgage loans underlying the related trust assets. We expect the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will vary. Following any lockout period, and upon payment of any applicable prepayment penalty, borrowers may prepay their mortgage loans at any time. Borrowers may also prepay their mortgage loans during a lockout period or without paying any applicable prepayment penalty with the approval of the FHA.

Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield. The yield on your securities probably will be lower than you expect if:

- you purchased your securities at a premium (interest only securities, for example) and principal payments are faster than you expected, or
- you purchased your securities at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expected.

In addition, if your securities are interest only securities or securities purchased at a significant premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

An investment in the securities is subject to significant reinvestment and extension risk. The rate of principal payments on your securities is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on your securities at the same returns provided by the securities. Lower prevailing interest rates may result in an unexpected return of principal. In that interest rate climate, higher yielding reinvestment opportunities may be limited. Conversely, higher prevailing inter-

est rates may result in slower returns of principal and you may not be able to take advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities. The final payment on your security may occur much earlier than the final distribution date.

Defaults will increase the rate of prepayment. Lending on multifamily properties and nursing facilities is generally viewed as exposing the lender to a greater risk of loss than single-family lending. If a mortgagor defaults on a mortgage loan and the loan is subsequently foreclosed upon or assigned to FHA for FHA insurance benefits or otherwise liquidated, the effect would be comparable to a prepayment of the mortgage loan; however, no prepayment penalty would be received. Similarly, mortgage loans as to which there is a material breach of a representation may be purchased out of the trust without the payment of a prepayment penalty.

Available information about the mortgage loans is limited. Generally, neither audited financial statements nor recent appraisals are available with respect to the mortgage loans, the mortgaged properties, or the operating revenues, expenses and values of the mortgaged properties. Default, delinquency and other information relevant to the likelihood of prepayment of the multifamily mortgage loans underlying the Ginnie Mae multifamily certificates is not made generally available to the public and will not be reported to you. Accordingly, at a time when you might be buying or selling your securities, you may not be aware of matters that, if known, would affect the value of your securities.

FHA has authority to override lockouts and prepayment limitations. FHA insurance and certain mortgage loan and trust provisions may affect lockouts and the right to receive prepayment penalties. FHA may override any lockout or prepayment penalty

provision if it determines that it is in the best interest of the federal government to allow the mortgagor to refinance or to prepay in part its mortgage loan.

Holders entitled to prepayment penalties may not receive them. Prepayment penalties received by the trustee will be distributed to Classes XA and Z as further described in this Supplement. Ginnie Mae, however, does not guarantee that mortgagors will in fact pay any prepayment penalties or that such prepayment penalties will be received by the trustee. Accordingly, holders of the classes entitled to receive prepayment penalties will receive them only to the extent that the trustee receives them. Moreover, even if the trustee distributes prepayment penalties to the holders of Classes XA and Z, the additional amounts may not offset the reduction in yield caused by the corresponding prepayments.

The securities may not be a suitable investment for you. The securities, in particular, the interest only, accrual and residual classes, are not suitable investments for all investors. Only “accredited investors,” as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D of the Securities Act of 1933, who have substantial experience in mortgage-backed securities and are capable of understanding the risks should invest in the securities.

In addition, although the sponsor intends to make a market for the purchase and sale of the securities after their initial issuance, it has no obligation to do so. There is no assurance that a secondary market will develop, that any secondary market will continue, or that the price at which you can sell an investment in any class will enable you to realize a desired yield on that investment.

You will bear the market risks of your investment. The market values of the classes are

likely to fluctuate. These fluctuations may be significant and could result in significant losses to you.

The secondary markets for mortgage-related securities have experienced periods of illiquidity and can be expected to do so in the future. Illiquidity can have a severely adverse effect on the prices of classes that are especially sensitive to prepayment or interest rate risk, or that have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors.

The residual securities may experience significant adverse tax timing consequences. Accordingly, you are urged to consult tax advisors and to consider the after-tax effect of ownership of a residual security and the suitability of the residual securities to your investment objectives. See “*Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in this Supplement and in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

You are encouraged to consult advisors regarding the financial, legal, tax and other aspects of an investment in the securities. You should not purchase the securities of any class unless you understand and are able to bear the prepayment, yield, liquidity and market risks associated with that class.

The actual prepayment rates of the underlying mortgage loans will affect the weighted average lives and yields of your securities. The yield and decrement tables in this supplement are based on assumed prepayment rates. It is highly unlikely that the underlying mortgage loans will prepay at any of the prepayment rates assumed in this supplement, or at any constant prepayment rate. As a result, the yields on your securities could be lower than you expected.

THE GINNIE MAE MULTIFAMILY CERTIFICATES

General

The Sponsor intends to acquire the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates in privately negotiated transactions prior to the Closing Date and to sell them to the Trust according to the terms of a Trust Agreement between the Sponsor and the Trustee. The Sponsor will make certain representations and warranties with respect to the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates.

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates are guaranteed by Ginnie Mae pursuant to its Ginnie Mae I Program. Each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate bears interest at a Mortgage Rate that is greater than the related Certificate Rate.

For each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate, the difference between (a) the Mortgage Rate and (b) the related Certificate Rate is used to pay the servicer of the Mortgage Loan a monthly fee for servicing the Mortgage Loan and to pay Ginnie Mae a fee for its guarantee of the related Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate (together, the “Servicing and Guaranty Fee Rate”). The per annum rate used to calculate these fees for the Mortgage Loans in the Trust is shown on Exhibit A to this Supplement.

The Ginnie Mae Certificates included in the Trust consist of Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates (collectively, the “Trust PLCs”).

Each Trust PLC will be based on and backed by one or more multifamily Mortgage Loans with an original term to maturity of no more than 40 years.

Each Trust PLC will provide for the payment to the registered holder of that Trust PLC of monthly payments of principal and interest equal to the aggregate amount of the scheduled monthly principal and interest payments on the Mortgage Loans underlying that Trust PLC, less applicable servicing and guaranty fees. In addition, each such payment will include any prepayments and other unscheduled recoveries of, and any Prepayment Penalties on, the underlying Mortgage Loans to the extent received by the Ginnie Mae Issuer during the month preceding the month of the payment.

Final Data Statement

If any of the characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the related Mortgage Loans differ materially from those set forth on Exhibit A, the Sponsor will prepare a Final Data Statement containing certain information, including the current unpaid principal balances of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates as of the Cut-off Date. You may obtain any Final Data Statement from Ginnie Mae’s Multiclass Securities e-Access located on Ginnie Mae’s website (“e-Access”) or by calling the Information Agent at (800) 234-GNMA.

The Mortgage Loans

Each Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate represents a beneficial interest in one or more Mortgage Loans.

Seventy (70) Mortgage Loans will underlie the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates. These Mortgage Loans have an aggregate balance of approximately \$429,244,805 as of the Cut-off Date, after giving effect to all payments of principal due on or before that date. The Mortgage Loans have, on a weighted average basis, the other characteristics set forth in the Terms Sheet

under “Certain Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets (as of July 1, 2003 (the “Cut-off Date”))” and, on an individual basis, the characteristics described in Exhibit A to this Supplement. They also have the general characteristics described below. The Mortgage Loans consist of first lien and second lien, multifamily, fixed rate mortgage loans that are secured by a lien on the borrower’s fee simple estate in a multifamily property consisting of five or more dwelling units or nursing facilities and insured by FHA or coinsured by FHA and the related mortgage lender. See “*The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — General*” in the *Multifamily Base Offering Circular*.

FHA Insurance Programs

FHA multifamily insurance programs generally are designed to assist private and public mortgagors in obtaining financing for the construction, purchase or rehabilitation of multifamily housing pursuant to the National Housing Act of 1934 (the “Housing Act”). Mortgage Loans are provided by FHA-approved institutions, which include mortgage banks, commercial banks, savings and loan associations, trust companies, insurance companies, pension funds, state and local housing finance agencies and certain other approved entities. Mortgage Loans insured under the programs described below will have such maturities and amortization features as FHA may approve, provided that generally the minimum mortgage loan term will be at least ten years and the maximum mortgage loan term will not exceed the lesser of 40 years and 75 percent of the estimated remaining economic life of the improvements on the mortgaged property.

Tenant eligibility for FHA-insured projects generally is not restricted by income, except for projects as to which rental subsidies are made available with respect to some or all the units therein or to specified tenants.

The following is a summary of the various FHA insurance programs under which the Mortgage Loans are insured.

Section 220 (Urban Renewal Mortgage Insurance). Section 220 of the Housing Act provides for federal insurance of mortgage loans on multifamily rental projects located in federally aided urban renewal areas or in areas having a local redevelopment or urban renewal plan certified by FHA. The mortgage loans may finance the rehabilitation of existing salvable housing (including the refinancing of existing loans) or new construction in targeted areas. The purpose of Section 220 is to encourage quality rental housing in urban areas targeted for overall revitalization.

Section 221(d) (Housing for Moderate Income and Displaced Families). Section 221(d)(4) of the Housing Act provides for mortgage insurance to assist private industry in the construction or substantial rehabilitation of rental and cooperative housing for low- and moderate-income families and families that have been displaced as a result of urban renewal, governmental actions or disaster.

Section 223(a)(7) (Refinancing of FHA-Insured Mortgage Loans). Section 223(a)(7) of the Housing Act permits FHA to refinance existing insured mortgage loans under any section or title of the Housing Act. Such refinancing results in prepayment of the existing insured mortgage loan. The new, refinanced mortgage loan is limited to the original principal amount of the existing mortgage loan and the unexpired term of the existing mortgage loan plus 12 years.

Section 223(f) (Purchase or Refinancing of Existing Projects). Section 223(f) of the Housing Act provides for federal insurance of mortgage loans originated by FHA-approved lenders in connection with the purchase or refinancing of existing multifamily housing complexes, hospitals and nursing homes that do not require substantial rehabilitation. The

principal objective of the Section 223(f) program is to permit the refinancing of mortgage loans to provide for a lower debt service or the purchase of existing properties in order to preserve an adequate supply of affordable rental housing. Such projects may have been financed originally with conventional or FHA-insured mortgage loans.

Section 232 (Mortgage Insurance for Nursing Homes, Immediate Care Facilities and Board and Care Homes). Section 232 of the Housing Act provides for FHA insurance of private construction mortgage loans to finance new or rehabilitated nursing homes, intermediate care facilities, board and care homes, assisted living for the frail or elderly or allowable combinations thereof, including equipment to be used in their operation. Section 232 also provides for supplemental loans to finance the purchase and installation of fire safety equipment in these facilities.

Section 241 (Supplemental Loans for Multifamily Projects). Section 241 and Section 241(a) of the Housing Act provides for FHA insurance to finance property improvements, energy-conserving improvements or supplemental increases to any FHA-insured multifamily loan. The overall purpose of the Section 241 loan program is to provide a project with a means to remain competitive, to extend its economic life and to finance the replacement of obsolete equipment without the refinancing of the existing mortgage loan.

Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans

Mortgage Rates; Calculations of Interest. The Mortgage Loans bear interest at Mortgage Rates that will remain fixed for their remaining terms. All of the Mortgage Loans accrue interest on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. See “*Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans*” in Exhibit A to this Supplement.

Due Dates. Monthly payments on the Mortgage Loans are due on the first day of each month.

Amortization. The Mortgage Loans are fully-amortizing over their remaining terms to stated maturity. Certain of the Mortgage Loans may provide that, if the related borrower makes a partial principal prepayment, such borrower will not be in default if it fails to make any subsequent scheduled payment of principal provided that such borrower continues to pay interest in a timely manner and the unpaid principal balance of such Mortgage Loan at the time of such failure is at or below what it would otherwise be in accordance with its amortization schedule if such partial principal prepayment had not been made. Under certain circumstances, the Mortgage Loans also permit the reamortization thereof if prepayments are received as a result of condemnation or insurance payments with respect to the related Mortgaged Property.

Level Payments. Although the Mortgage Loans currently have amortization schedules that provide for level monthly payments, the amortization schedules of substantially all of the Mortgage Loans are subject to change upon the approval of FHA that may result in non-level payments.

Furthermore, in the absence of a change in the amortization schedule of the Mortgage Loans, Mortgage Loans that provide for level monthly payments may still receive non-level payments as a result of the fact that, at any time:

- FHA may permit any Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or partially prepaid without regard to any lockout period or Prepayment Penalty; and

- condemnation of, or occurrence of a casualty loss on, the Mortgaged Property securing any Mortgage Loan or the acceleration of payments due under any Mortgage Loan by reason of a default may result in prepayment.

“Due-on-Sale” Provisions. The Mortgage Loans do not contain “due-on-sale” clauses restricting sale or other transfer of the related Mortgaged Property. Any transfer of the Mortgaged Property is subject to HUD review and approval under the terms of HUD’s Regulatory Agreement with the owner, which is incorporated by reference into the mortgage.

Prepayment Restrictions. Except as described below, the Mortgage Loans have lockout provisions that prohibit voluntary prepayment for a number of years following origination. The Mortgage Loans have remaining lockout terms that range from approximately 10 to 106 months, with a weighted average remaining lockout period of approximately 65 months. The enforceability of these lockout provisions under certain state laws is unclear.

Certain of the Mortgage Loans have a period (a “Prepayment Penalty Period”) during which voluntary prepayments must be accompanied by a prepayment penalty equal to a specified percentage of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan being prepaid (each, a “Prepayment Penalty”). Any Prepayment Penalty Period will follow the termination of the lockout provision. See *“Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans” in Exhibit A to this Supplement.*

Exhibit A to this Supplement sets forth, for each Mortgage Loan, as applicable, a description of the related Prepayment Penalty, if any, the period during which the Prepayment Penalty applies and the first month in which the borrower may prepay the Mortgage Loan.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, FHA guidelines require all of the Mortgage Loans to include a provision that allows FHA to override any lockout and/or Prepayment Penalty provisions if FHA determines that it is in the best interest of the federal government to allow the mortgagor to refinance or partially prepay the Mortgage Loan without restrictions or penalties and any such payment will avoid or mitigate an FHA insurance claim.

Coinsurance. Certain of the Mortgage Loans may be federally insured under FHA coinsurance programs that provide for the retention by the mortgage lender of a portion of the mortgage insurance risk that otherwise would be assumed by FHA under the applicable FHA insurance program. As part of such coinsurance programs, FHA delegates to mortgage lenders approved by FHA for participation in such coinsurance programs certain underwriting functions generally performed by FHA. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that such mortgage loans were underwritten in conformity with FHA underwriting guidelines applicable to mortgage loans that were solely federally insured or that the default risk with respect to coinsured mortgage loans is comparable to that of FHA-insured mortgage loans generally. As a result, there can be no assurance that the likelihood of future default or rate of prepayment on coinsured Mortgage Loans will be comparable to that of FHA-insured mortgage loans generally.

The Trustee Fee

On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will retain a fixed percentage of all principal and interest distributions received on specified Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates in payment of its fee (the “Trustee Fee”).

GINNIE MAE GUARANTY

The Government National Mortgage Association (“Ginnie Mae”), a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States of America within HUD, guarantees the timely payment of principal and interest on the Securities. The General Counsel of HUD has provided an

opinion to the effect that Ginnie Mae has the authority to guarantee multiclass securities and that Ginnie Mae guaranties will constitute general obligations of the United States, for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged. See “*Ginnie Mae Guaranty*” in the *Multifamily Base Offering Circular*. Ginnie Mae does not guarantee the collection or the payment to Holders of any Prepayment Penalties.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SECURITIES

General

The description of the Securities contained in this Supplement is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the Trust Agreement. See “*Description of the Securities*” in the *Multifamily Base Offering Circular*.

Form of Securities

Each Class of Securities other than the Residual Securities initially will be issued and maintained in book-entry form and may be transferred only on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will ordinarily hold these Securities through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations that are eligible to maintain book-entry accounts on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. By request accompanied by the payment of a transfer fee of \$25,000 per Certificated Security to be issued, a Beneficial Owner may receive a Regular Security in certificated form.

The Residual Securities will not be issued in book-entry form but will be issued in fully registered, certificated form and may be transferred or exchanged, subject to the transfer restrictions applicable to Residual Securities set forth in the Trust Agreement, at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee currently located at 153 West 51st Street, 6th Floor, New York, New York 10019. See “*Description of the Securities — Forms of Securities; Book-Entry Procedures*” in the *Multifamily Base Offering Circular*.

Each Class (other than the Increased Minimum Denomination Classes) will be issued in minimum dollar denominations of initial principal balance of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1 in excess of \$1,000. The Increased Minimum Denomination Classes will be issued in minimum denominations that equal \$100,000 in initial notional balance.

Distributions

Distributions on the Securities will be made on each Distribution Date, as specified under “*Terms Sheet — Distribution Date*” in this Supplement. On each Distribution Date, or in the case of the Certificated Securities, on the first Business Day after the related Distribution Date, the Distribution Amount will be distributed to the Holders of record as of the close of business on the last Business Day of the calendar month immediately preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will receive distributions through credits to accounts maintained for their benefit on the books and records of the appropriate financial intermediaries. Holders of Certificated Securities will receive distributions by check or, subject to the restrictions set forth in the *Multifamily Base Offering Circular*, by wire transfer. See “*Description of the Securities — Distributions*” and “*— Method of Distributions*” in the *Multifamily Base Offering Circular*.

Interest Distributions

The Interest Distribution Amount will be distributed on each Distribution Date to the Holders of all Classes of Securities entitled to distributions of interest.

- Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.
- Interest distributable on any Class for any Distribution Date will consist of 30 days' interest on its Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) as of the related Record Date.
- Investors can calculate the amount of interest to be distributed (or accrued, in the case of the Accrual Class) on each Class of Securities for any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding month. See “— *Class Factors*” below.

Categories of Classes

For purposes of interest distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under “Interest Type” on the inside cover page of this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the inside cover page are explained under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Accrual Period

The Accrual Period for each Regular Class is the calendar month preceding the related Distribution Date.

Fixed Rate Classes

Each Fixed Rate Class will bear interest at the per annum Interest Rate shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement.

Weighted Average Coupon Classes

The Weighted Average Coupon Classes will bear interest at per annum Interest Rates based on WACR as follows:

Class Z will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to WACR.

Class XA will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a rate per annum determined as follows:

- from and including the July 2003 Accrual Period through and including the June 2004 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to WACR less the weighted average of the following rates: (i) for the First Class A Notional Contribution, the First Class B Notional Contribution, the First Class C Notional Contribution and Classes D and E, the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period and (ii) for (x) the Class A Principal Balance less the First Class A Notional Contribution, (y) the Class B Principal Balance less the First Class B Notional Contribution and (z) the Class C Principal Balance less the First Class C Notional Contribution, the applicable interest rate for each such Class for that Accrual Period, with each such interest rate weighted based on the Class Principal Balance (or portion thereof) or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date);
- from and including the July 2004 Accrual Period through and including the June 2005 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to WACR less the weighted average of the following rates: (i) for the Second Class A Notional Contribution, the Second Class B Notional Contribution, the Second Class C Notional Contribution and Classes D and E,

the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period and (ii) for (x) the Class A Principal Balance less the Second Class A Notional Contribution, (y) the Class B Principal Balance less the Second Class B Notional Contribution and (z) the Class C Principal Balance less the Second Class C Notional Contribution, the applicable interest rate for each such Class for that Accrual Period, with each such interest rate weighted based on the Class Principal Balance (or portion thereof) or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date);

- (c) from and including the July 2005 Accrual Period through and including the June 2006 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to WACR less the weighted average of the following rates: (i) for the Third Class C Notional Contribution, the First Class D Notional Contribution and Class E, the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period and (ii) for (w) Class A, (x) Class B, (y) the Class C Principal Balance less the Third Class C Notional Contribution and (z) the Class D Principal Balance less the First Class D Notional Contribution, the applicable interest rate for each such Class for that Accrual Period, with each such interest rate weighted based on the Class Principal Balance (or portion thereof) or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date);
- (d) from and including the July 2006 Accrual Period through and including the June 2007 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to WACR less the weighted average of the following rates: (i) for the Fourth Class C Notional Contribution, the Second Class D Notional Contribution and Class E, the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period and (ii) for (w) Class A, (x) Class B, (y) the Class C Principal Balance less the Fourth Class C Notional Contribution and (z) the Class D Principal Balance less the Second Class D Notional Contribution, the applicable interest rate for each such Class for that Accrual Period, with each such interest rate weighted based on the Class Principal Balance (or portion thereof) or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date);
- (e) from and including the July 2007 Accrual Period through and including the June 2008 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to WACR less the weighted average of the following rates: (i) for the First Class E Notional Contribution, the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period and (ii) for (v) Class A, (w) Class B, (x) Class C, (y) Class D and (z) the Class E Principal Balance less the First Class E Notional Contribution, the applicable interest rate for each such Class for that Accrual Period, with each such interest rate weighted based on the Class Principal Balance (or portion thereof) or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date);
- (f) from and including the July 2008 Accrual period through and including the June 2009 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to WACR less the weighted average of the following rates: (i) for the Second Class E Notional Contribution, the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period and (ii) for (v) Class A, (w) Class B, (x) Class C, (y) Class D and (z) the Class E Principal Balance less the Second Class E Notional Contribution, the applicable

interest rate for each such Class for that Accrual Period, with each such interest rate weighted based on the Class Principal Balance (or portion thereof) or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date);

- (g) from and including the July 2009 through and including the June 2010 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to WACR less the weighted average of the following rates: (i) for the Third Class E Notional Contribution, the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period and (ii) for (v) Class A, (w) Class B, (x) Class C, (y) Class D and (z) the Class E Principal Balance less the Third Class E Notional Contribution, the applicable interest rate for each such Class for that Accrual Period, with each such interest rate weighted based on the Class Principal Balance (or portion thereof) or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date); and
- (h) after the June 2010 Accrual Period, as applicable, the rate per annum equal to WACR less the weighted average of the applicable interest rate for the Accrual Period on Classes A, B, C, D, and E weighted based on the Class Principal Balance of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date).

Class XB will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a rate per annum determined as follows:

- (a) from and including the July 2003 Accrual Period through and including the June 2004 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to: (i) the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period, less (ii) the weighted average interest rate of the First Class A Notional Contribution, the First Class B Notional Contribution, the First Class C Notional Contribution and Classes D and E weighted based on the Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date);
- (b) from and including the July 2004 Accrual Period through and including the June 2005 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to: (i) the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period, less (ii) the weighted average interest rate of the Second Class A Notional Contribution, the Second Class B Notional Contribution, the Second Class C Notional Contribution and Classes D and E weighted based on the Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date);
- (c) from and including the July 2005 Accrual Period through and including the June 2006 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to: (i) the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period, less (ii) the weighted average interest rate of the Third Class C Notional Contribution, the First Class D Notional Contribution and Class E weighted based on the Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payment on such Distribution Date);
- (d) from and including the July 2006 Accrual Period through and including the June 2007 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to: (i) the lesser of WACR and the

applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period, less (ii) the weighted average interest rate of the Fourth Class C Notional Contribution, the Second Class D Notional Contribution and Class E weighted based on the Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Contribution, as applicable, of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payment on such Distribution Date);

(e) from and including the July 2007 Accrual Period through and including the June 2010 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to: (i) the lesser of WACR and the applicable interest rate from the Interest Rate Schedule for that Accrual Period, less (ii) the Class E Interest Rate;

(f) after the June 2010 Accrual Period, the rate per annum equal to zero.

Classes XA, XB and Z will bear interest during the initial Accrual Period at the following approximate interest rates:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Approximate Initial Interest Rate</u>
XA	0.3039%
XB	2.3642%
Z.....	6.2917%

The Trustee’s determination of, and its calculation of, these Interest Rates will be final except in the case of clear error. Investors can obtain Interest Rates for the current and preceding Accrual Period from e-Access or by calling the Information Agent at (800) 234-GNMA.

Accrual Class

Class Z is an Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Class and be distributed as described under “Terms Sheet — Accrual Class” in this Supplement.

Principal Distributions

The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount and the Accrual Amount will be distributed to the Holders entitled thereto as described above under “Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal” in this Supplement.

Investors can calculate the amount of principal to be distributed with respect to any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months. See “— Class Factors” below.

Categories of Classes

For purposes of principal distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under “Principal Type” on the inside cover page of this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the inside cover page and in the Terms Sheet are explained under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Notional Classes

The Notional Classes will not receive principal distributions. For convenience in describing interest distributions, the Notional Classes will have the original Class Notional Balances shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement. The Class Notional Balances will be reduced as described under “Terms Sheet — Notional Class” in this Supplement.

Prepayment Penalty Distributions

The Trustee will distribute any Prepayment Penalties that are received by the Trust during the related interest Accrual Period as described in “Terms Sheet — Allocation of Prepayment Penalties” in this Supplement.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC, as described under “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. The Class RR Securities have no Class Principal Balance and do not accrue interest. The Class RR Securities will be entitled to receive the proceeds of the disposition of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Regular Securities has been reduced to zero. However, any remaining proceeds are not likely to be significant. The Residual Securities may not be transferred to a Plan Investor, a Non-U.S. Person or a Disqualified Organization.

Class Factors

The Trustee will calculate and make available for each Class of Securities, no later than the day preceding the Distribution Date, the factor (carried out to eight decimal places) that when multiplied by the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, determines the Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to the distribution of principal to be made on the Securities (and any addition to the Class Principal Balance of the Accrual Class) or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on that Distribution Date (each, a “Class Factor”).

- The Class Factor for any Class of Securities for the month following the issuance of the Securities will reflect its remaining Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to any principal distribution to be made or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on the Distribution Date occurring in that month.
- The Class Factor for each Class for the month of issuance is 1.00000000.
- Based on the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months (and Interest Rates), investors in any Class (other than the Accrual Class) can calculate the amount of principal and interest to be distributed to that Class, and investors in the Accrual Class can calculate the total amount of principal to be distributed to (or interest to be added to the Class Principal Balance of) that Class, on the Distribution Date in the current month.
- Investors may obtain current Class Factors on e-Access.

See “Description of the Securities — Distributions” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Recent Developments: e-Access replaces gREX

Ginnie Mae has retired gREX as a database of information regarding Ginnie Mae MBS and Ginnie Mae Securities. gREX has been replaced by e-Access, a web based application located on Ginnie Mae’s website at <http://www.ginniemae.gov>. Notwithstanding the disclosure in the Base Offering Circular, e-Access maintains all of the information historically made available on gREX.

Termination

The Trustee, at its option, may purchase or cause the sale of the Trust Assets and thereby terminate the Trust on any Distribution Date on which the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of the Securities is less than 1% of the aggregate Original Class Principal Balances of the Securities. The Trustee will terminate the Trust and retire the Securities on any Distribution Date upon the Trustee's determination that the REMIC status of either Trust REMIC has been lost or that a substantial risk exists that this status will be lost for the then current taxable year.

Upon any termination of the Trust, the Holder of any outstanding Security (other than a Residual or Notional Class Security) will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of the Class Principal Balance of that Class plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate, and any Holder of any outstanding Security of the Notional Class will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate. The Residual Holders will be entitled to their pro rata share of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after payment in full of the amounts described in the foregoing sentence. However, any remaining assets are not likely to be significant.

YIELD, MATURITY AND PREPAYMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The prepayment experience of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates will affect the Weighted Average Lives of and the yields realized by investors in the Securities.

- Mortgage Loan principal payments may be in the form of scheduled or unscheduled amortization.
- The terms of each Mortgage Loan provide that, following the applicable lockout period, and upon payment of any applicable Prepayment Penalty, the Mortgage Loan may be voluntarily prepaid in whole or in part.
- In addition, in some circumstances FHA may permit a Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or partially prepaid without regard to lockout or Prepayment Penalty provisions. See "*Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans*" in Exhibit A to this Supplement.
- The condemnation of, or occurrence of a casualty loss on, the Mortgaged Property securing any Mortgage Loan or the acceleration of payments due under the Mortgage Loan by reason of default may also result in a prepayment at any time.

Mortgage Loan prepayment rates are likely to fluctuate over time. No representation is made as to the expected Weighted Average Lives of the Securities or the percentage of the original unpaid principal balance of the Mortgage Loans that will be paid to Holders at any particular time. A number of factors may influence the prepayment rate.

- While some prepayments occur randomly, the payment behavior of the Mortgage Loans may be influenced by a variety of economic, tax, geographic, demographic, legal and other factors.
- These factors may include the age, geographic distribution and payment terms of the Mortgage Loans; remaining depreciable lives of the underlying properties; characteristics of the borrowers; amount of the borrowers' equity; the availability of mortgage financing; in a fluctuating interest rate environment, the difference between the interest rates on

the Mortgage Loans and prevailing mortgage interest rates; the extent to which the Mortgage Loans are assumed or refinanced or the underlying properties are sold or conveyed; changes in local industry and population as they affect vacancy rates; population migration; and the attractiveness of other investment alternatives.

- These factors may also include the application of lockout periods or the assessment of Prepayment Penalties. *For a more detailed description of the lockout and Prepayment Penalty provisions of the Mortgage Loans, see “Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans” in Exhibit A to this Supplement.*

No representation is made concerning the particular effect that any of these or other factors may have on the prepayment behavior of the Mortgage Loans. The relative contribution of these or other factors may vary over time.

In addition, following any Mortgage Loan default and the subsequent liquidation of the underlying Mortgaged Property, the principal balance of the Mortgage Loan will be distributed through a combination of liquidation proceeds, advances from the related Ginnie Mae Issuer and, to the extent necessary, proceeds of Ginnie Mae’s guaranty of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates.

- As a result, defaults experienced on the Mortgage Loans will accelerate the distribution of principal of the Securities.
- Under certain circumstances, the Trustee has the option to purchase the Trust Assets, thereby effecting early retirement of the Securities. *See “Description of the Securities — Termination” in this Supplement.*

Assumability

Each Mortgage Loan may be assumed, subject to HUD review and approval, upon the sale of the related Mortgaged Property. *See “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Assumability of FHA Loans” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.*

Final Distribution Date

The Final Distribution Date for each Class, which is set forth on the inside cover page of this Supplement, is the latest date on which the related Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance will be reduced to zero.

- The actual retirement of any Class may occur earlier than its Final Distribution Date.
- According to the terms of the Ginnie Mae Guaranty, Ginnie Mae will guarantee payment in full of the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Securities no later than its Final Distribution Date.

Modeling Assumptions

Unless otherwise indicated, the tables that follow are based on the following assumptions (the “Modeling Assumptions”), among others:

1. The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets have the characteristics shown under “Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans” in Exhibit A to this Supplement.
2. There are no voluntary prepayments during any lockout period.

3. The Mortgage Loans prepay at 100% PLD (as defined under “— Prepayment Assumptions” in this Supplement) and, beginning on the first day of the month immediately following the Lockout End Date (or the first day of the month in which the Lockout End Date occurs, if the applicable Lockout End Date is one of the first ten days of the month), at the constant percentages of CPR (described below) shown in the related table.

4. Distributions on the Securities, including all distributions of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans, are always received on the 16th day of the month, whether or not a Business Day, commencing in August 2003.

5. One hundred percent (100%) of any Prepayment Penalties received and due to Class XA are distributed to Class XA and no Prepayment Penalties are distributed to the other Classes.

6. A termination of the Trust does not occur.

7. The Closing Date for the Securities is July 30, 2003.

8. No expenses or fees are paid by the Trust other than the Trustee Fee.

When reading the tables and the related text, investors should bear in mind that the Modeling Assumptions, like any other stated assumptions, are unlikely to be entirely consistent with actual experience.

- For example, many Distribution Dates will occur on the first Business Day after the 16th of the month, prepayments may not occur during the Prepayment Penalty Period, and the Trustee may cause a termination of the Trust as described under “Description of the Securities — Termination” in this Supplement.
- In addition, distributions on the Securities are based on Certificate Factors, Corrected Certificate Factors, and Calculated Certificate Factors, if applicable, which may not reflect actual receipts on the Trust Assets.

See “Description of the Securities — Distributions” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Prepayment Assumptions

Prepayments of mortgage loans are commonly measured by a prepayment standard or model. One of the models used in this Supplement is the constant prepayment rate (“CPR”) model, which represents an assumed constant rate of voluntary prepayment each month relative to the then outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loans to which the model is applied. See “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Prepayment Assumption Models” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

In addition, this Supplement uses another model to measure involuntary prepayments. This model is the Project Loan Default or PLD model provided by the Sponsor and the Co-Manager. The PLD model represents an assumed rate of involuntary prepayments each month as specified in the table below (the “PLD Model Rates”), in each case expressed as a per annum percentage of the then-outstanding principal balance of each of the Mortgage Loans in relation to its loan age. For example, 0% PLD represents 0% of such assumed rate of involuntary prepayments; 50% PLD represents 50% of such assumed rate of involuntary prepayments; 100% PLD represents 100% of such assumed rate of involuntary prepayments; and so forth.

The following PLD model table was prepared on the basis of 100% PLD. Ginnie Mae had no part in the development of the PLD model and makes no representation as to the accuracy or reliability of the PLD model.

Project Loan Default

Mortgage Loan Age (in months)(1)	Involuntary Prepayment Default Rate(2)
1-12	1.30%
13-24	2.47
25-36	2.51
37-48	2.20
49-60	2.13
61-72	1.46
73-84	1.26
85-96	0.80
97-108	0.57
109-168	0.50
169-240	0.25
241-maturity	0.00

- (1) For purposes of the PLD model, Mortgage Loan Age means the number of months elapsed since the Issue Date indicated on Exhibit A.
- (2) Assumes that involuntary prepayments start immediately.

The decrement tables set forth below are based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated percentages of CPR (the “CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates”) and 100% PLD. **It is unlikely that the Mortgage Loans will prepay at any of the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates or PLD Model Rates and the timing of changes in the rate of prepayments actually experienced on the Mortgage Loans is unlikely to follow the pattern described for the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates or PLD Model Rates.**

Decrement Tables

The decrement tables set forth below illustrate the percentage of the Original Class Principal Balance (or, in the case of a Notional Class, the Original Class Notional Balance) that would remain outstanding following the distribution made each specified month for each Regular Class, based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates and 100% PLD. The percentages set forth in the following decrement tables have been rounded to the nearest whole percentage (including rounding down to zero).

The decrement tables also indicate the Weighted Average Life of each Class under each CPR Prepayment Assumption Rate and 100% PLD. The Weighted Average Life of each Class is calculated by:

- (a) multiplying the net reduction, if any, of the Class Principal Balance (or the net reduction of the Class Notional Balance, in the case of a Notional Class) from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the date of issuance thereof to the related Distribution Date,
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the assumed net reductions in principal balance or notional amount, as applicable, referred to in clause (a).

The Weighted Average Lives are likely to vary, perhaps significantly, from those set forth in the tables below due to the differences between the actual rate of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Modeling Assumptions.

The information shown for each Notional Class is for illustrative purposes only, as Notional Classes are not entitled to distributions of principal and have no weighted average life. The weighted average life shown for each Notional Class has been calculated on the assumption that a reduction in the Class Notional Balance thereof is a distribution of principal.

**Percentages of Original Class Principal (or Class Notional) Balances
and Weighted Average Lives**

Distribution Date	CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates																			
	Class A					Class B					Class C					Class D				
	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
July 2004	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	95	95	95	95	95	100	100	100	100	100
July 2005	77	76	76	75	74	77	76	76	75	74	88	88	88	87	87	100	100	100	100	100
July 2006	64	63	62	60	58	64	63	62	60	58	82	82	81	80	79	100	100	100	100	100
July 2007	53	51	47	44	40	53	51	47	44	40	76	75	74	72	70	100	100	100	100	100
July 2008	42	37	27	18	6	42	37	27	18	6	71	68	64	59	53	100	100	100	100	100
July 2009	33	18	0	0	0	33	18	0	0	0	66	59	46	36	21	100	100	92	71	42
July 2010	24	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	62	50	32	17	0	100	100	64	33	0
July 2011	16	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	58	42	18	0	0	100	84	36	0	0
July 2012	9	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	54	34	4	0	0	100	69	8	0	0
July 2013	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	50	27	0	0	0	100	53	0	0	0
July 2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	47	19	0	0	0	94	39	0	0	0
July 2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	43	12	0	0	0	86	25	0	0	0
July 2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	39	6	0	0	0	79	11	0	0	0
July 2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	0	0	0	0	71	0	0	0	0
July 2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	0	0	0	0	63	0	0	0	0
July 2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	55	0	0	0	0
July 2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	0	0	0	0	46	0	0	0	0
July 2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	37	0	0	0	0
July 2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	28	0	0	0	0
July 2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0
July 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0
July 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2041	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2042	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 2043	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	4.6	3.9	3.5	3.3	3.2	4.6	3.9	3.5	3.3	3.2	10.5	7.1	5.5	5.0	4.6	16.4	10.3	7.5	6.6	5.9

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates

Distribution Date	Class E					Class XA					Class XB					Class Z					
	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
July 2004	100	100	100	100	100	97	97	97	97	97	89	89	89	89	89	106	106	106	106	106	106
July 2005	100	100	100	100	100	93	93	93	93	92	78	78	78	78	78	113	113	113	113	113	113
July 2006	100	100	100	100	100	90	89	89	89	88	66	66	66	66	66	121	121	121	121	121	121
July 2007	100	100	100	100	100	86	86	85	84	83	34	34	34	34	34	129	129	129	129	129	129
July 2008	100	100	100	100	100	83	82	79	76	73	13	13	13	13	13	137	137	137	137	137	137
July 2009	100	100	100	100	100	81	76	68	61	51	7	7	7	7	7	146	146	146	146	146	146
July 2010	100	100	100	100	97	78	71	58	48	35	0	0	0	0	0	155	155	155	156	156	156
July 2011	100	100	100	99	62	76	66	49	36	23	0	0	0	0	0	165	165	166	166	167	167
July 2012	100	100	100	67	29	74	60	39	25	11	0	0	0	0	0	176	176	177	177	178	178
July 2013	100	100	85	43	7	71	55	31	16	3	0	0	0	0	0	188	188	189	189	191	191
July 2014	100	100	65	24	0	69	50	24	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	200	200	201	202	149	149
July 2015	100	100	49	10	0	66	45	18	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	213	213	215	216	87	87
July 2016	100	100	35	0	0	64	40	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	227	228	229	221	51	51
July 2017	100	98	22	0	0	61	36	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	242	243	244	162	30	30
July 2018	100	87	12	0	0	58	32	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	258	259	261	118	18	18
July 2019	100	76	2	0	0	55	28	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	275	276	278	86	10	10
July 2020	100	65	0	0	0	52	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	293	294	246	62	6	6
July 2021	100	54	0	0	0	49	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	312	313	202	45	3	3
July 2022	100	44	0	0	0	46	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	333	334	165	33	2	2
July 2023	100	35	0	0	0	43	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	355	356	135	24	1	1
July 2024	100	25	0	0	0	40	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	378	380	110	17	1	1
July 2025	98	16	0	0	0	36	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	403	406	89	12	0	0
July 2026	88	7	0	0	0	32	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	430	433	72	9	0	0
July 2027	77	0	0	0	0	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	458	440	58	6	0	0
July 2028	65	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	489	391	46	4	0	0
July 2029	53	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	522	345	36	3	0	0
July 2030	40	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	556	302	29	2	0	0
July 2031	27	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	594	263	22	1	0	0
July 2032	13	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	634	226	17	1	0	0
July 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	667	191	13	1	0	0
July 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	586	160	10	0	0	0
July 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	501	130	7	0	0	0
July 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	412	102	5	0	0	0
July 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	320	76	3	0	0	0
July 2038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	234	53	2	0	0	0
July 2039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	165	36	1	0	0	0
July 2040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	98	20	1	0	0	0
July 2041	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	39	7	0	0	0	0
July 2042	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	2	0	0	0	0
July 2043	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																					
Life (years)	26.1	18.6	12.2	9.9	8.4	16.5	11.5	8.1	6.9	6.0	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	34.0	29.6	21.0	16.0	12.4	12.4

Yield Considerations

An investor seeking to maximize yield should make a decision whether to invest in any Class based on the anticipated yield of that Class resulting from its purchase price and the investor's own projection of Mortgage Loan prepayment rates under a variety of scenarios. **No representation is made regarding Mortgage Loan prepayment rates or the yield of any Class.**

Prepayments: Effect on Yields

The yields to investors will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans.

- In the case of Regular Securities purchased at a premium (especially the Interest Only Classes), faster than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.
- Investors in the Interest Only Classes should also consider the risk that rapid rates of principal payments could result in the failure of investors to recover fully their investments.
- In the case of Regular Securities purchased at a discount, slower than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.

See *“Risk Factors — Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield”* in this Supplement.

The Mortgage Loans prohibit voluntary prepayment during specified lockout periods with remaining terms that range from approximately 10 to 106 months with a weighted average remaining lockout period of approximately 65 months, and with a weighted average remaining term to maturity of 417 months.

- Certain of the Mortgage Loans also provide for payment of a Prepayment Penalty in connection with prepayments for a period extending beyond the lockout period. See *“The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans”* and *“Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans”* in Exhibit A to this Supplement. The required payment of a Prepayment Penalty may not be a sufficient disincentive to prevent a borrower from voluntarily prepaying a Mortgage Loan.
- In addition, in some circumstances FHA may permit a Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or partially prepaid without regard to lockout or Prepayment Penalty provisions.

Information relating to lockout periods and Prepayment Penalties is contained under *“Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans”* and *“Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations”* in this Supplement and in Exhibit A to this Supplement.

Rapid rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of low prevailing interest rates.

- During periods of low prevailing interest rates, the yields at which an investor may be able to reinvest amounts received as principal payments on the investor's Class of Securities may be lower than the yield on that Class.

Slow rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of high prevailing interest rates.

- During periods of high prevailing interest rates, the amount of principal payments available to an investor for reinvestment at those high rates may be relatively low.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, nor will all of the Mortgage Loans prepay at the same rate at any one time. The timing of changes in the rate of prepayments may affect the actual yield to an investor, even if the average rate of principal prepayments is consistent with the investor's expectation. In general, the earlier a prepayment of principal on the Mortgage Loans, the greater the effect on an investor's yield. As a result, the effect on an investor's yield of principal prepayments occurring at a rate higher (or lower) than the rate anticipated by the investor during the period immediately following the Closing Date is not likely to be offset by a later equivalent reduction (or increase) in the rate of principal prepayments.

Payment Delay: Effect on Yields

The effective yield on any Class will be less than the yield otherwise produced by its Interest Rate and purchase price because on any Distribution Date, 30 days' interest will be payable on that Class even though interest began to accrue approximately 46 days earlier.

Yield Tables

The following tables show the pre-tax yields to maturity on a corporate bond equivalent basis of Classes XA and XB at various constant percentages of CPR and 100% PLD.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity. Moreover, it is likely that the Mortgage Loans will experience actual prepayment rates that differ from those of the Modeling Assumptions. Therefore, the actual pre-tax yield of Class XA or XB may differ from those shown in the applicable table below even if the Class is purchased at the assumed price shown.

The yields were calculated by:

1. determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Class, would cause the discounted present value of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed purchase price of that Class plus accrued interest, and
2. converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations that may occur in the interest rates at which investors may be able to reinvest funds received by them as distributions on their Securities and consequently do not purport to reflect the return on any investment in any Class when those reinvestment rates are considered.

The information set forth in the following tables was prepared on the basis of the Modeling Assumptions and the assumption that the purchase price of each Class (expressed as a percentage of its original Class Notional Balance) is as indicated in the table. **The assumed purchase price is not necessarily that at which actual sales will occur.**

Sensitivity of Class XA to Prepayments
Assumed Price 7.750%*

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates			
5%	15%	25%	40%
11.4%	7.3%	4.7%	2.4%

Sensitivity of Class XB to Prepayments
Assumed Price 8.000%*

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates			
5%	15%	25%	40%
2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%

* The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following tax discussion, when read in conjunction with the discussion of “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular, describes the material federal income tax considerations for investors in the Securities. However, these two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which may be subject to special rules.

Investors should consult their own tax advisors in determining the federal, state, local and any other tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Securities.

REMIC Elections

In the opinion of Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Hamilton, the Trust will constitute a Double REMIC Series for federal income tax purposes. Separate REMIC elections will be made for the Pooling REMIC and the Issuing REMIC.

Regular Securities

The Regular Securities will be treated as debt instruments issued by the Issuing REMIC for federal income tax purposes. Income on the Regular Securities must be reported under an accrual method of accounting.

The Class XA and XB Securities are “Interest Weighted Securities” as described in “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Regular Securities — Interest Weighted Securities and Non-VRDI Securities” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. Although the tax treatment of Interest Weighted Securities is not entirely certain, Holders of the Interest Weighted Securities should expect to accrue all income on these Securities (other than income attributable to market discount or de minimis market discount) under the original issue discount (“OID”) rules based on the expected payments on these Securities at the prepayment assumption described below.

The Class Z Securities are Accrual Securities. Holders of Accrual Securities are required to accrue all income from their Securities (other than income attributable to market discount or de minimis market discount) under the OID rules based on the expected payments on the Accrual Securities at the prepayment assumption described below.

Other than the Securities described in the preceding two paragraphs, based on anticipated prices (including accrued interest), certain Mortgage Loan characteristics and the prepayment assumption described below, no Classes are expected to be issued with OID.

Prospective investors in the Securities should be aware, however, that the foregoing expectations about OID could change because of differences between anticipated purchase prices and actual purchase prices. The prepayment assumption that should be used in determining the rates of accrual of OID, if any, on the Regular Securities is 15% CPR and 100% PLD (as described in “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations” in this Supplement). No representation is made, however, about the rate at which prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates actually will occur at any time after the date of this Supplement. See “*Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in the *Multifamily Base Offering Circular*.

The Regular Securities generally will be treated as “regular interests” in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations, “permitted assets” for financial asset securitization investment trusts (“FASITs”), and “real estate assets” for real estate investment trusts (“REITs”) as described in “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. Similarly, interest on the Regular Securities will be considered “interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property” for REITs.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC. The Residual Securities, *i.e.*, the Class RR Securities, generally will be treated as “residual interests” in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and as “real estate assets” for REITs, as described in “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular, but will not be treated as debt for federal income tax purposes. Instead, the Holders of the Residual Securities will be required to report, and will be taxed on, their pro rata shares of the taxable income or loss of the Trust REMICs, and these requirements will continue until there are no outstanding regular interests in the respective Trust REMICs. Thus, Residual Holders will have taxable income attributable to the Residual Securities even though they will not receive principal or interest distributions with respect to the Residual Securities, which could result in a negative after-tax return for the Residual Holders. It is not expected that the Pooling REMIC will have a substantial amount of taxable income or loss in any period. However, even though the Holders of the Class RR Securities are not entitled to any stated principal or interest payments on the Class RR Securities, the Issuing REMIC may have substantial taxable income in certain periods, and offsetting tax losses may not occur until much later periods. Accordingly, a Holder of the Class RR Securities may experience substantial adverse tax timing consequences. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors and consider the after-tax effect of ownership of the Residual Securities and the suitability of the Residual Securities to their investment objectives.

Prospective Holders of Residual Securities should be aware that, at issuance, based on the expected prices of the Regular and Residual Securities and the prepayment assumption described above, the residual interests represented by the Residual Securities will be treated as “noneconomic residual interests” as that term is defined in Treasury regulations.

Regulations have been proposed regarding the federal income tax treatment of “inducement fees” received by transferees of noneconomic REMIC residual interests. The proposed regulations (i) provide tax accounting rules for the treatment of such fees as income over an appropriate period and (ii) clarify that inducement fees will be treated as income from sources

within the United States. If these rules are finalized as proposed, the final regulations will apply to taxable years ending on or after the date the final regulations are published, and thus the rules in the proposed regulations may apply to the treatment of any inducement fee received in connection with the purchase of Class RR Securities. Prospective purchasers of the Class RR Securities should consult with their tax advisors regarding the effect of these proposed regulations.

ERISA MATTERS

Ginnie Mae guarantees distributions of principal and interest with respect to the Securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is supported by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. The Regular Securities will qualify as “guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificates” within the meaning of a Department of Labor regulation, the effect of which is to provide that mortgage loans and participations therein underlying a “guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificate” will not be considered assets of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (“ERISA”), or subject to section 4975 of the Code (each, a “Plan”), solely by reason of the Plan’s purchase and holding of that certificate.

Governmental plans and certain church plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of ERISA or the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and the Code, may nevertheless be subject to local, state or other federal laws that are substantially similar to the foregoing provisions of ERISA and the Code. Fiduciaries of any such plans should consult with their counsel before purchasing any of the Securities.

Prospective Plan Investors should consult with their advisors, however, to determine whether the purchase, holding, or resale of a Security could give rise to a transaction that is prohibited or is not otherwise permissible under either ERISA or the Code.

See “ERISA Considerations” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

The Residual Securities are not offered to, and may not be transferred to, a Plan Investor.

LEGAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Institutions whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations or to review by certain regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in the Securities. **No representation is made about the proper characterization of any Class for legal investment or other purposes, or about the permissibility of the purchase by particular investors of any Class under applicable legal investment restrictions.**

Investors should consult their own legal advisors regarding applicable investment restrictions and the effect of any restrictions on the liquidity of the Securities prior to investing in the Securities.

See “Legal Investment Considerations” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Sponsor Agreement, the Sponsor has agreed to purchase all of the Securities if any are sold and purchased. The Sponsor proposes to offer each Class to the public from time to time for sale in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale, plus accrued interest from July 1, 2003 on the Regular Classes.

The Sponsor may effect these transactions by sales to or through certain securities dealers. These dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the Sponsor and/or commissions from any purchasers for which they act as agents. Some of the Securities may be sold through dealers in relatively small sales. In the usual case, the commission charged on a relatively small sale of securities will be a higher percentage of the sales price than that charged on a large sale of securities.

INCREASE IN SIZE

Before the Closing Date, Ginnie Mae, the Trustee and the Sponsor may agree to increase the size of this offering. In that event, the Securities will have the same characteristics as described in this Supplement, except that the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) will increase by the same proportion. The Trust Agreement, the Final Data Statement and the Supplemental Statement, if any, will reflect any increase in the size of the transaction.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Ginnie Mae by Hunton & Williams LLP, for the Trust by Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Hamilton and Marcell Solomon & Associates, P.C., and for the Trustee by Ungaretti & Harris, Chicago, Illinois.

Schedule I

INTEREST RATE SCHEDULE

<u>Accrual Period</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>
July 2003.....	6.26166%
August 2003.....	6.26172
September 2003.....	6.26178
October 2003.....	6.26172
November 2003.....	6.26167
December 2003.....	6.26159
January 2004.....	6.26152
February 2004.....	6.26145
March 2004.....	6.26138
April 2004.....	6.26131
May 2004.....	6.26123
June 2004.....	6.26143
July 2004.....	6.26180
August 2004.....	6.26221
September 2004.....	6.26262
October 2004.....	6.26303
November 2004.....	6.26345
December 2004.....	6.26387
January 2005.....	6.26429
February 2005.....	6.26472
March 2005.....	6.26514
April 2005.....	6.26557
May 2005.....	6.26601
June 2005.....	6.26643
July 2005.....	6.26687
August 2005.....	6.26731
September 2005.....	6.26775
October 2005.....	6.26822
November 2005.....	6.26870
December 2005.....	6.26918
January 2006.....	6.26967
February 2006.....	6.27015
March 2006.....	6.27064
April 2006.....	6.27113
May 2006.....	6.27163
June 2006.....	6.23714
July 2006.....	6.23747
August 2006.....	6.23780
September 2006.....	6.23538
October 2006.....	6.23572
November 2006.....	6.23605
December 2006.....	6.23639
January 2007.....	6.23167
February 2007.....	6.23202
March 2007.....	6.22611
April 2007.....	6.22645
May 2007.....	6.22246
June 2007.....	6.18850
July 2007.....	6.18582
August 2007.....	6.18618
September 2007.....	6.18654
October 2007.....	6.18689

<u>Accrual Period</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>
November 2007	6.18725%
December 2007	6.17284
January 2008	6.17321
February 2008	6.17358
March 2008.....	6.17395
April 2008.....	6.15835
May 2008.....	6.19276
June 2008	6.26630
July 2008.....	6.27075
August 2008	6.27571
September 2008	6.28069
October 2008.....	6.28201
November 2008.....	6.28238
December 2008.....	6.28276
January 2009	6.28314
February 2009	6.28352
March 2009.....	6.28390
April 2009.....	6.28428
May 2009.....	6.28467
June 2009	6.28506
July 2009.....	6.28545
August 2009	6.28584
September 2009	6.28623
October 2009.....	6.28663
November 2009.....	6.28702
December 2009.....	6.28742
January 2010	6.28782
February 2010	6.28823
March 2010.....	6.28863
April 2010.....	6.28904
May 2010.....	6.28945
June 2010	6.28986

Exhibit A

Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans*

Pool Number	FHA Program	City	State	Principal Balance as of Cut-off Date	Mortgage Interest Rate	Certificate Rate	Servicing and Guaranty Fee Rate	Maturity Date	Original Term to Maturity (mos.)	Remaining Term to Maturity (mos.)	Period from Issuance (mos.)	Issue Date	Lockout End Date	Prepayment Penalty End Date	Lockout/Prepayment Restriction Code	Remaining Lockout Period (mos.)	Total Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Period (mos.)
474619	220	Hoboken	NJ	\$34,890,766.05	7.950%	7.700%	0.250%	03/15/2042	474	464	10	09/01/2002	10/31/2011	N/A	1	99	99
544415	221(d)(4)	Minneapolis	MN	27,806,362.56	7.030	6.780	0.250	05/15/2041	480	454	26	05/01/2001	09/30/2010	N/A	1	86	86
536556	232	Long Beach	NY	24,810,443.69	7.625	7.375	0.250	01/15/2030	331	318	13	06/01/2002	10/29/2009	N/A	1	75	75
598913	221(d)(4)	Sanford	FL	24,072,404.10	6.750	6.500	0.250	06/15/2041	438	435	3	04/01/2003	03/31/2009	03/31/2011	4	68	92
578161	232	Aurora	IL	19,355,938.33	7.750	7.500	0.250	01/15/2041	466	450	16	03/01/2002	04/29/2011	01/01/2041	3	93	449
602334	232/223(a)(7)	East Hartford	CT	18,862,134.35	5.750	5.500	0.250	09/15/2039	435	434	1	06/01/2003	04/30/2008	04/30/2013	2	57	117
586424	221(d)(4)	Las Vegas	NV	16,435,856.70	5.550	5.300	0.250	09/15/2039	435	434	1	06/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2013	2	58	118
580567	223(f)	Amherst	MA	16,386,651.55	5.350	5.000	0.350	06/15/2038	421	419	2	05/01/2003	06/30/2008	06/30/2013	2	59	119
524202	221(d)(4)	Goose Creek	SC	15,752,753.85	8.100	7.850	0.250	03/15/2042	466	464	2	05/01/2003	04/30/2008	04/30/2013	2	57	117
519766	221(d)(4)	Lewisville	TX	15,549,159.50	7.000	6.750	0.250	04/15/2043	477	476	1	06/01/2003	03/31/2008	03/31/2013	2	56	116
609629	232	Aurora	IL	14,348,297.54	7.400	7.150	0.250	04/15/2042	466	465	1	06/01/2003	05/30/2007	05/30/2012	2	46	106
589177	223(a)(7)	Omaha	NE	12,456,797.65	5.250	5.000	0.250	04/15/2033	359	357	2	05/01/2003	04/29/2008	04/29/2013	2	57	117
496849	221(d)(4)	Fairburn	GA	10,973,254.75	7.980	7.730	0.250	05/15/2041	475	454	21	10/01/2001	05/31/2006	05/31/2011	2	34	94
594402	221(d)(4)	McKinney	TX	10,412,974.69	5.375	5.125	0.250	11/15/2037	413	412	1	06/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2013	2	58	118
597692	232/223(f)	Chilhowie	VA	10,199,968.04	5.500	5.250	0.250	06/15/2038	421	419	2	05/01/2003	06/30/2008	06/30/2013	2	59	119
610151	223(f)	Pullman	WA	8,900,000.00	5.380	5.130	0.250	07/15/2038	420	420	0	07/01/2003	07/31/2008	07/31/2013	2	60	120
544416	221(d)(4)	New Brighton	MN	8,786,123.62	6.920	6.670	0.250	09/15/2040	471	446	25	06/01/2001	06/30/2010	N/A	1	83	83
602360	223(a)(7)	Cheektowaga	NY	7,359,000.00	5.250	5.000	0.250	12/15/2021	221	221	0	07/01/2003	06/30/2008	06/30/2013	2	59	119
550314	232	Goleta	CA	6,755,918.12	7.000	6.750	0.250	11/15/2042	475	472	3	04/01/2003	11/30/2007	11/30/2012	2	52	112
586425	221(d)(4)	Las Vegas	NV	6,496,054.83	6.250	5.750	0.500	09/15/2039	435	434	1	06/01/2003	05/31/2004	N/A	1	10	10
602340	232/223(a)(7)	Whitinsville	MA	5,971,120.99	5.650	5.400	0.250	05/15/2035	383	382	1	06/01/2003	06/30/2008	06/30/2013	2	59	119
589181	232/223(a)(7)	Uniontown	PA	5,530,703.72	6.250	5.000	0.250	06/15/2043	481	479	2	05/01/2003	06/30/2008	06/30/2013	2	59	119
602352	232/223(f)	Winnie	TX	4,907,800.00	6.080	5.830	0.250	07/15/2038	421	420	1	06/01/2003	06/30/2008	06/30/2013	2	59	119
586418	223(a)(7)	Bay City	MI	4,745,233.53	5.250	5.000	0.250	06/15/2026	277	275	2	05/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2013	2	58	118
589185	223(a)(7)	Sacramento	CA	4,559,579.61	5.500	5.250	0.250	06/15/2043	480	479	1	06/01/2003	06/29/2008	06/29/2013	2	59	119
586426	223(f)	Florence	AL	4,471,800.00	5.350	5.100	0.250	07/15/2038	421	420	1	06/01/2003	07/31/2008	07/31/2013	2	60	120
598905	223(a)(7)	Pittsburgh	PA	4,358,795.00	5.500	5.120	0.380	06/15/2043	481	479	2	05/01/2003	06/30/2008	06/30/2013	2	59	119
602330	223(a)(7)	Washington	DC	4,324,928.37	5.750	5.500	0.250	05/15/2033	360	358	2	05/01/2003	04/30/2008	04/30/2013	2	57	117
424909	223(f)	Waldorf	MD	4,312,588.00	5.125	4.875	0.250	05/15/2038	420	418	2	05/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2013	2	58	118
609967	232/223(a)(7)	Elizabethon	TN	4,101,037.74	5.650	5.400	0.250	05/15/2038	419	418	1	06/01/2003	05/30/2008	05/30/2013	2	58	118
602336	232	Mount Laurel	NJ	3,995,139.36	6.790	6.540	0.250	11/15/2037	414	412	2	05/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2010	2	22	82
606427	232/223(f)	Ironwood	MI	3,923,825.22	5.380	5.000	0.380	06/15/2038	420	419	1	06/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2013	2	58	118
606430	232/223(f)	West Columbia	TX	3,425,500.00	5.500	5.120	0.380	07/15/2033	361	360	1	06/01/2003	06/30/2008	06/30/2013	2	59	119
537492	232/223(f)	Coalinga	CA	3,078,326.71	6.840	6.590	0.250	06/15/2037	421	407	14	05/01/2002	06/30/2007	06/30/2012	2	47	107
526379	232	Windham	CT	2,995,228.17	9.550	9.300	0.250	03/15/2042	472	464	8	11/01/2002	07/31/2011	N/A	1	96	96

* Based on publicly available information, including the disclosure documents for the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates, the information with respect to the Mortgage Loans set forth on this Exhibit A has been collected and summarized by the Sponsor and the Co-Manager.

Lockout/Prepayment Restriction Codes:

- (1) Lockout through the Lockout End Date; thereafter no Prepayment Penalty is imposed.
- (2) Lockout through the Lockout End Date; thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 5% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to and including the Prepayment Penalty End Date.
- (3) Lockout through the Lockout End Date; thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 1% of the prepaid amount up to the maturity date.
- (4) Lockout through the Lockout End Date; thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 2% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above, declining thereafter by 1% annually up to and including the Prepayment Penalty End Date.

Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans*

Pool Number	FHA Program	City	State	Principal Balance as of Cut-off Date	Mortgage Interest Rate	Certificate Rate	Servicing and Guaranty Fee Rate	Maturity Date	Original Term to Maturity (mos.)	Remaining Term to Maturity (mos.)	Period from Issuance (mos.)	Issue Date	Lockout End Date	Prepayment Penalty End Date	Lockout/Prepayment Restriction Code	Remaining Lockout Period (mos.)	Total Remaining Prepayment Penalty Period (mos.)
609613	223(a)(7)	Smyrna	TN	\$ 2,950,158.85	5.400%	5.150%	0.250%	06/15/2043	480	479	1	06/01/2003	06/30/2008	06/30/2013	2	59	118
599484	223(a)(7)	Archdale	NC	2,922,548.95	5.100	4.850	0.250	05/15/2038	420	418	2	05/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2013	2	58	118
588511	223(a)(7)	New Orleans	LA	2,920,975.85	5.600	5.350	0.250	05/15/2022	228	226	2	05/01/2003	04/27/2008	04/27/2013	2	57	117
577845	223(a)(7)	Bronx	NY	2,833,972.04	7.120	6.870	0.250	04/15/2032	360	345	15	04/01/2002	04/30/2007	04/30/2012	2	45	105
533853	221(d)(4)	Jacksonville	FL	2,756,262.21	7.250	7.000	0.250	12/15/2036	404	401	3	04/01/2003	12/31/2006	12/31/2011	2	41	101
506331	223(a)(7)	Seattle	WA	2,691,303.40	5.550	5.300	0.250	01/15/2020	199	198	1	06/01/2003	06/30/2008	06/30/2013	2	59	119
598887	223(a)(7)	Lafayette	IN	2,531,980.69	5.250	4.875	0.375	05/15/2035	384	382	2	05/01/2003	04/30/2008	04/30/2013	2	57	117
608857	223(a)(7)	North Smithfield	RI	2,410,997.71	5.625	5.375	0.250	05/15/2038	420	418	2	05/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2013	2	58	118
597688	223(f)	Denver	CO	2,396,110.75	5.380	5.130	0.250	05/15/2038	420	418	2	05/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2013	2	58	118
559222	232/223(f)	Fullerton	CA	2,365,389.32	7.560	7.310	0.250	02/15/2037	421	403	18	01/01/2002	02/28/2007	02/29/2012	2	43	103
599471	223(a)(7)	Little Rock	AR	2,293,456.34	5.250	4.850	0.400	04/15/2036	396	393	3	04/01/2003	03/31/2008	03/31/2013	2	56	116
572903	241/232	Amsterdam	NY	2,268,509.28	7.250	7.000	0.250	03/15/2038	419	416	3	04/01/2003	06/30/2008	06/30/2013	2	59	119
586421	232/223(a)(7)	Burrillville	RI	1,977,082.24	5.250	5.000	0.250	12/15/2019	198	197	1	06/01/2003	06/30/2008	06/30/2013	2	59	119
609301	223(a)(7)	Maryville	TN	1,629,101.89	5.800	5.550	0.250	06/15/2038	421	419	2	05/01/2003	06/30/2008	06/30/2013	2	59	119
536810	232/223(f)	Antioch	CA	1,506,396.83	7.750	7.250	0.500	04/15/2036	421	393	28	03/01/2001	02/28/2011	N/A	1	91	91
608858	223(a)(7)	Narragansett	RI	1,438,491.08	5.625	5.375	0.250	05/15/2038	420	418	2	05/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2013	2	58	118
548966	223(a)(7)	Williamsville	NY	1,363,169.96	7.750	7.220	0.530	05/15/2031	356	334	22	09/01/2001	07/31/2011	N/A	1	96	96
608859	223(a)(7)	North Providence	RI	1,278,037.45	5.625	5.375	0.250	05/15/2038	420	418	2	05/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2013	2	58	118
565418	220/223(a)(7)	Brooklyn	NY	1,268,091.54	7.750	7.150	0.600	08/15/2031	360	337	23	08/01/2001	08/30/2006	08/30/2011	2	37	97
609298	223(a)(7)	Hattiesburg	MS	1,152,849.12	5.790	5.390	0.400	05/15/2023	240	238	2	05/01/2003	04/30/2008	04/30/2013	2	57	117
602341	223(a)(7)	Greenwood	MS	1,025,625.92	6.250	5.750	0.500	06/15/2033	360	359	1	06/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2013	2	58	118
597684	223(a)(7)	St. Martinville	LA	997,926.60	5.800	5.550	0.250	05/15/2033	360	358	2	05/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2013	2	58	118
533855	223(f)	Pendleton	OR	947,865.66	8.000	7.500	0.500	05/15/2036	420	394	26	05/01/2001	05/31/2006	05/31/2011	2	34	94
606429	232/223(f)	Bridge City	TX	903,600.00	5.500	5.120	0.380	07/15/2033	361	360	1	06/01/2003	06/30/2008	06/30/2013	2	59	119
469488	223(a)(7)	Olathe	KS	846,772.64	7.650	7.400	0.250	01/15/2021	241	210	31	12/01/2000	12/13/2010	N/A	1	89	89
559235	223(a)(7)	Corpus Christi	TX	831,758.11	8.000	7.500	0.500	05/15/2032	360	346	14	05/01/2002	05/31/2012	N/A	1	106	106
602335	223(a)(7)	Forest	MS	815,868.27	6.000	5.650	0.350	05/15/2033	360	358	2	05/01/2003	04/30/2008	04/30/2013	2	57	117
602345	223(a)(7)	Kennett	MO	740,262.33	6.000	5.500	0.500	06/15/2033	360	359	1	06/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2013	2	58	118
586416	223(a)(7)	Greenwood	MS	665,531.34	6.250	5.750	0.500	05/15/2033	360	358	2	05/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2013	2	58	118
609300	223(a)(7)	Morgantown	NC	657,743.76	6.000	5.750	0.250	07/15/2039	434	432	2	05/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2013	2	58	118
610147	223(a)(7)	Orangeburg	SC	649,203.25	5.850	5.600	0.250	12/15/2030	330	329	1	06/01/2003	06/30/2008	06/30/2013	2	59	119
547859	223(a)(7)	Madisonville	KY	582,938.39	8.000	7.500	0.500	04/15/2031	360	333	27	04/01/2001	04/30/2011	N/A	1	93	93
586417	223(a)(7)	Greenwood	MS	486,464.62	6.250	5.750	0.500	05/15/2033	360	358	2	05/01/2003	05/31/2008	05/31/2013	2	58	118
610150	223(a)(7)	Cleveland	OH	474,435.47	6.250	6.000	0.250	06/15/2030	324	323	1	06/01/2003	06/30/2004	06/30/2013	3	11	119
610146	223(a)(7)	Toledo	OH	351,456.43	6.100	5.850	0.250	06/15/2033	360	359	1	06/01/2003	06/30/2008	06/30/2013	2	59	119

* Based on publicly available information, including the disclosure documents for the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates, the information with respect to the Mortgage Loans set forth on this Exhibit A has been collected and summarized by the Sponsor and the Co-Manager.

Lockout/Prepayment Restriction Codes:

- (1) Lockout through the Lockout End Date; thereafter no Prepayment Penalty is imposed.
- (2) Lockout through the Lockout End Date; thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 5% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above; declining thereafter by 1% annually up to and including the Prepayment Penalty End Date.
- (3) Lockout through the Lockout End Date; thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 1% of the prepaid amount up to the maturity date.
- (4) Lockout through the Lockout End Date; thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 2% of the prepaid amount until the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above; declining thereafter by 1% annually up to and including the Prepayment Penalty End Date.



\$429,114,804

**Government National
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